Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (currently amended) A light source, comprising:
 - an LED that emits excitation light;
 - a layer of phosphor material positioned to receive the excitation light, the phosphor material emitting visible light when illuminated with the excitation light; and
 - a first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector that reflects the excitation light and transmits visible light, the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector being positioned to reflect the excitation light onto the phosphor material;

wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector has a non-uniform thickness.

- 2. (canceled)
- 3. (currently amended) The light source of claim 1, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector comprises alternating layers of a first and second thermoplastic polymer and wherein at least some of the layers are birefringent.
- 4. (previously presented) The light source of claim 1, wherein the excitation light comprises UV light.
- 5. (currently amended) The light source of claim 1, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is concave.
- 6. (currently amended) The light source of claim 1, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is hemispherically concave.
- 7. (currently amended) The light source of claim 1, wherein the layer of phosphor material is disposed between the LED and the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector.

- 8. (canceled)
- 9. (currently amended) The light source of claim 1, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector has a first thickness at an inner region of the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector and a second thickness at an outer region of the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector and the first thickness is different than the second thickness.
- 10. (previously presented) The light source of claim 9, wherein the first thickness is greater than the second thickness.
- 11. (previously presented) The light source of claim 9, wherein the first thickness is less than the second thickness.
- 12. (currently amended) The light source of claim 1, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector includes polymeric material that resists degradation when exposed to UV light.
- 13. (currently amended) The light source of claim 1, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is substantially free of inorganic materials.
- 14. (previously presented) The light source of claim 1, wherein the layer of phosphor material comprises particles of phosphor material dispersed in a binder.
- 15. (previously presented) The light source of claim 14, wherein the layer of phosphor material is discontinuous, comprising a plurality of distinct regions.
- 16. (previously presented) The light source of claim 15, wherein each region has an area of less than 10000 microns².

- 17. (previously presented) The light source of claim 15, wherein the regions comprise a first region that emits red light, a second region that emits green light, and a third region that emits blue light, when illuminated with the excitation light.
- 18. (currently amended) The light source of claim 1, further comprising:

 a second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector that reflects visible light and transmits the excitation light disposed between the LED and the phosphor material.
- 19. (currently amended) The light source of claim 18, wherein the second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector comprises polymeric material.
- 20. (currently amended) The light source of claim 18, wherein the second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector comprises alternating layers of a first and second thermoplastic polymer and wherein at least some of the layers are birefringent.
- 21. (currently amended) The light source of claim 18, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is concave.
- 22. (currently amended) The light source of claim 18, wherein the second non-planar polymeric-multilayer reflector is concave and polymeric.
- 23. (currently amended) The light source of claim 18, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is hemispherically concave.
- 24. (currently amended) The light source of claim 18, wherein the second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is hemispherically concave.
- 25. (currently amended) The light source of claim 18, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector comprises a polymeric material that resists degradation when exposed to UV light and the second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector comprises a polymeric material that resists degradation when exposed to UV light.

- 26. (currently amended) The light source of claim 18, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is substantially free of inorganic materials and the second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is substantially free of inorganic materials.
- 27. (currently amended) The light source of claim 18, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is hemispherically concave and the second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is hemispherically concave.
- 28. (currently amended) The light source of claim 27, wherein the layer of phosphor material is disposed between the first and second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflectors reflector and the multilayer reflector.
- 29. (previously presented) The light source of claim 18, wherein the layer of phosphor material comprises particles of phosphor material dispersed in a binder.
- 30. (previously presented) The light source of claim 29, wherein the layer of phosphor material is discontinuous, comprising a plurality of distinct regions.
- 31. (previously presented) The light source of claim 30, wherein each region has an area of less than 10000 microns².
- 32. (previously presented) The light source of claim 30, wherein the regions comprise a first region that emits red light, a second region that emits green light, and a third region that emits blue light, when illuminated with the excitation light.
- 33. (previously presented) The light source of claim 30, wherein at least a first region emits light at a first wavelength and a second region emits light at a second wavelength different than the first wavelength.

34. (currently amended) A method of manufacturing a light source, comprising the steps of: providing an LED that emits excitation light; positioning a layer of phosphor material such that the phosphor material emits visible light when illuminated with the excitation light; and positioning a non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector to reflect the excitation light onto the phosphor material and transmit visible light, the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector having a non-uniform thickness.

35. (canceled)

- 36. (currently amended) The method of claim 34, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector comprises alternating layers of a first and second thermoplastic polymer and wherein at least some of the layers are birefringent.
- 37. (currently amended) The method of claim 34, further comprising the step of shaping a polymeric multilayer reflector to form the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector.
- 38. (currently amended) The method of claim 34, further comprising the step of thermoforming a polymeric multilayer reflector to form the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector.
- 39. (previously presented) The method of claim 34, further comprising the step of patterning the layer of phosphor material so that such layer is discontinuous.
- 40. (currently amended) A light source, comprising: an LED that emits excitation light;
 - a layer of phosphor material positioned to receive the excitation light, the phosphor material emitting visible light when illuminated with the excitation light;
 - a first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector that reflects the excitation light and transmits visible light, the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector being positioned to reflect the excitation light onto the phosphor material; and

- a second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector that reflects visible light and transmits the excitation light disposed between the LED and the phosphor material.
- 41. (currently amended) The light source of claim 40, wherein the second non planar polymeric multilayer reflector comprises polymeric material.
- 42. (currently amended) The light source of claim 40, wherein the second non planar polymeric multilayer reflector comprises alternating layers of a first and second thermoplastic polymer and wherein at least some of the layers are birefringent.
- 43. (currently amended) The light source of claim 40, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is concave.
- 44. (currently amended) The light source of claim 40, wherein the second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is concave and polymeric.
- 45. (currently amended) The light source of claim 40, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is hemispherically concave.
- 46. (currently amended) The light source of claim 40, wherein the second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is hemispherically concave.
- 47. (currently amended) The light source of claim 40, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector comprises a polymeric material that resists degradation when exposed to UV light and the second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector comprises a polymeric material that resists degradation when exposed to UV light.
- 48. (currently amended) The light source of claim 40, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is substantially free of inorganic materials and the second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is substantially free of inorganic materials.

- 49. (currently amended) The light source of claim 40, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is hemispherically concave and the second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector is hemispherically concave.
- 50. (currently amended) The light source of claim 49, wherein the layer of phosphor material is disposed between the first and second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflectors reflector and the multilayer reflector.
- 51. (previously presented) The light source of claim 40, wherein the layer of phosphor material comprises particles of phosphor material dispersed in a binder.
- 52. (previously presented) The light source of claim 51, wherein the layer of phosphor material is discontinuous, comprising a plurality of distinct regions.
- 53. (previously presented) The light source of claim 52, wherein each region has an area of less than 10000 microns².
- 54. (previously presented) The light source of claim 52, wherein the regions comprise a first region that emits red light, a second region that emits green light, and a third region that emits blue light, when illuminated with the excitation light.
- 55. (previously presented) The light source of claim 52, wherein at least a first region emits light at a first wavelength and a second region emits light at a second wavelength different than the first wavelength.
- 56. (currently amended) A method of manufacturing a light source, comprising the steps of: providing an LED that emits excitation light;
 - positioning a layer of phosphor material such that the phosphor material emits visible light when illuminated with the excitation light;
 - positioning a first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector to reflect the excitation light onto the phosphor material and transmit visible light; and

positioning a second non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector between the LED and the phosphor material to reflect visible light and transmits the excitation light.

- 57. (currently amended) The method of claim 56, wherein the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector comprises alternating layers of a first and second thermoplastic polymer and wherein at least some of the layers are birefringent.
- 58. (currently amended) The method of claim 56, further comprising the step of shaping a polymeric multilayer reflector to form the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector.
- 59. (currently amended) The method of claim 56, further comprising the step of thermoforming a polymeric multilayer reflector to form the first non-planar polymeric multilayer reflector.
- 60. (previously presented) The method of claim 56, further comprising the step of patterning the layer of phosphor material so that such layer is discontinuous.